



2020 NFHS Baseball Exam II

81. The runner is attempting to score when the catcher, without the ball, blocks home plate allowing the runner no access. The runner maliciously runs over the catcher attempting to score. The umpire will:

- A. Declare the runner out and eject him.
- B. Score the runner on the obstruction by the catcher and then eject him.
- C. Return the runner to third base.
- D. Eject the catcher for obstructing the runner.

82. Two bases are awarded to runners when:

- A. A throw becomes lodged in an umpire's uniform.
- B. A fair ball hits a foul pole in flight.
- C. The pitcher commits a balk.
- D. The pitcher attempts a throw from his pitching position on the pitcher's plate.

83. When two runners are between the same two bases on an overthrow into dead-ball territory:

- A. The lead runner is awarded two bases and the following runner is awarded one.
- B. Both runners are awarded two bases.
- C. Both runners are awarded three bases.
- D. Both runners are returned to the base occupied at the time of the throw.

84. The home team is utilizing Smith as the P/DH. In the second inning, Smith hits a double. The home team coach now comes to the plate umpire and tells the umpire that No. 45 will be a courtesy runner for Smith.

- A. The home plate umpire shall mark the use of No. 45 as a courtesy runner and inform the visiting team.
- B. The home plate umpire shall tell the coach he will have to get agreement from the opposing coach.
- C. The use of the DH will be ended for the game.
- D. The home plate umpire will deny the use of No. 45 as a courtesy runner for Smith. When Smith comes to bat, he bats as a DH and not a pitcher. Courtesy Runners are not allowed for a DH.

85. With the bases loaded, the batter hits a high pop fly that is easily catchable, but (the ball) hits the runner who is standing on second base.

- A. The ball is dead and the batter is out.
- B. The ball is dead and both the batter and the runner at second are out.
- C. The ball is dead and only the runner is out.
- D. The ball remains in play and no outs are yet declared.

86. A double or triple play is credited to one or more fielders:

- A. when two or three players are put out on baserunning errors.
- B. when two or three players are put out between the time a pitch is delivered and the time the ball next becomes dead or is next in possession of the pitcher in pitching position.
- C. when two or three players are put out on errors and/or successful appeal.
- D. when two or three players are put out on tag-ups.

87. A putout is credited when a fielder:

- A. Catches a batted ball in flight.
- B. Tags out a runner.
- C. Puts out a runner by holding the ball while touching a base to which a runner is forced to advance or return.
- D. All the above.

88. A runner scores one run each time he legally advances to and touches:

- A. Second base.
- B. Third base.
- C. Home plate.
- D. First, second, third and then home plate before there are three outs to end the inning.

89. A stolen base shall be credited:

- A. When the runner attempts to steal a base.
- B. When the defense drops the batted ball in flight.
- C. When he is intentionally put on base.
- D. When he advances a base without the aid of a base hit, a putout, a fielding error or fielder's choice.

90. Each player's fielding record shall include:

- A. When he steps on the field in a defensive position.
- B. When he is substituted for while on defense.
- C. When he put out a batter-runner.
- D. The times he put out a batter or runner, the times he assisted a teammate in putting out a runner, and the number of errors he committed.